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APPLICATION N	О.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/033,423		12/27/2001	Mika Ilvonen	460-010814-US(PAR)	9272
2512	7590	06/29/2005		EXAMINER	
PERMA			MILORD, MARCEAU		
425 POST ROAD FAIRFIELD, CT 06824				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,			2682	
				DATE MAILED: 06/29/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/033,423	ILVONEN					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Marceau Milord	2682					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 A	oril 2005.						
·_ · _ ·							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers	·						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary (
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohtani (US Patent No 5384207) in view of Kubo et al (US Patent No 6842626 B1).

Regarding claim 1, Ohtani discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33); a back cover for closing said internal compartment and covering the unit when said unit is installed into said internal compartment (col. 2, lines 34-68); and electronic contacts, on a side of said internal compartment (col. 4, line 1- col. 5, line 59).

However, Ohtani does not specifically disclose the steps of establishing an electrical connection with said unit when said unit is placed into said compartment, characterized in that said back cover comprises a guiding means for pushing said unit against said electronic contacts while closing said back cover.

On the other hand, Kubo, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable cellular phone comprising a case body and a sliding cover. The sliding cover is mounted and detached with respect to a case body by applying an outer force to the sliding cover in a direction perpendicular to a sliding direction. When the sliding cover is mounted, one of locking portions of the sliding cover is engaged with one of locking portions of the case body, and the other

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locking portion of the sliding cover is aligned in position on the other locking portion of the case body. The sliding cover is fit to the case body by applying an outer force (col. 1, line 43- col. 2, line 18). Furthermore, the sliding cover includes rail portions which are adapted to engage with the rail portions provided on the case body, stopper projections, and locking claws on the side of the sliding cover for positioning the sliding cover with respect to the case body (col. 3, line 51- col. 4, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Kubo to the system of Ohtani in order to provide a good mechanical connection between the slide and the main body of the unit.

Regarding claim 2, Ohtani as modified discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33), comprising guiding means that is arranged for holding said unit against said electronic contacts while said back cover is closed for securing said electrical connection (col. 4, line 1-col. 5, line 59).

Regarding claim 3, Ohtani as modified discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33), comprising guiding means that is arranged to align said unit transversally with said electronic contacts while closing said back cover (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 4, Ohtani as modified discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33), comprising a protruding wedge means which are arranged to extend from a side of said back cover facing said compartment (col. 2, lines 34-68).

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Regarding claim 5, Ohtani as modified discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33), comprising guiding means and said electronic contacts are dimensioned to press the unit between said guiding means and said electronic contacts with a force adequate for securing said electrical connection while said back cover is closed (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 6, Ohtani as modified discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33), characterized in that said unit is a battery pack for an electronic device such as a communication unit (col. 3, lines 27-61).

Regarding claim 7, Ohtani as modified discloses an electronic device (figs. 1-2) comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33), characterized in that said unit is an extension card, such as a memory card

Regarding claim 8, Ohtani discloses a back cover for an electronic device (figs. 1-2), said device comprising an internal compartment for retaining a detachable electronic unit (col. 2, lines 18-33); and electronic contacts on a side of said internal compartment, for establishing an electrical connection with said unit when said unit is placed into said compartment, (col. 2, lines 34-68); said back cover being arranged for closing said internal compartment and covering said unit when said unit is installed into said internal compartment (col. 4, line 1- col. 5, line 59).

However, Ohtani does not specifically disclose the step of guiding means for pushing said unit against said electronic contacts.

On the other hand, Kubo, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable cellular phone comprising a case body and a sliding cover. The sliding cover is mounted and detached

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with respect to a case body by applying an outer force to the sliding cover in a direction perpendicular to a sliding direction. When the sliding cover is mounted, one of locking portions of the sliding cover is engaged with one of locking portions of the case body, and the other locking portion of the sliding cover is aligned in position on the other locking portion of the case body. The sliding cover is fit to the case body by applying an outer force (col. 1, line 43- col. 2, line 18). Furthermore, the sliding cover includes rail portions which are adapted to engage with the rail portions provided on the case body, stopper projections, and locking claws on the side of the sliding cover for positioning the sliding cover with respect to the case body (col. 3, line 51-col. 4, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Kubo to the system of Ohtani in order to provide a good mechanical connection between the slide and the main body of the unit.

Regarding claim 9, Ohtani as modified discloses a back cover for an electronic device characterized in that said guiding means is arranged for holding said unit against said electronic contacts while said back: cover is closed for securing said electrical connection (col. 5, line 5-col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 10, Ohtani as modified discloses a back cover for an electronic device characterized in that said guiding means comprises a protruding wedge means which are arranged to extend from a side of said back cover facing said compartment (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 11, Ohtani discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit (figs. 1-2) in an internal compartment of an electronic device, said device comprising electronic contacts on a side of said internal compartment for establishing an

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electrical connection with said unit (col. 2, lines 18-33); when said unit is placed into said internal compartment; and a back cover for closing said internal compartment and covering said unit when said unit is installed into said internal compartment (col. 4, line 1- col. 5, line 59).

However, Ohtani does not specifically disclose the step of pushing said unit towards and against said electronic contacts by using a guiding means arranged on said back cover while closing said back cover.

On the other hand, Kubo, from the same field of endeavor, discloses a portable cellular phone comprising a case body and a sliding cover. The sliding cover is mounted and detached with respect to a case body by applying an outer force to the sliding cover in a direction perpendicular to a sliding direction. When the sliding cover is mounted, one of locking portions of the sliding cover is engaged with one of locking portions of the case body, and the other locking portion of the sliding cover is aligned in position on the other locking portion of the case body. The sliding cover is fit to the case body by applying an outer force (col. 1, line 43- col. 2, line 18). Furthermore, the sliding cover includes rail portions which are adapted to engage with the rail portions provided on the case body, stopper projections, and locking claws on the side of the sliding cover for positioning the sliding cover with respect to the case body (col. 3, line 51-col. 4, line 65). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply the technique of Kubo to the system of Ohtani in order to provide a good mechanical connection between the slide and the main body of the unit.

Regarding claim 12, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, comprising the step of holding said unit against said 12 electronic contacts with a force for securing said electrical

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connection by using said guiding means while said back cover is closed (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 13, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, comprises the step of sliding said loose unit towards said electronic contacts along the bottom of said compartment, and holding resiliently said unit between said guiding means and said electronic contacts while said back cover is closed (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 14, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, comprises the step of aligning said unit transversally with said electronic contacts while closing back cover.

Regarding claim 15, Ohtani discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, wherein said guiding means is arranged to align said unit transversally with said electronic contacts while closing said back cover (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 16, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device wherein said guiding means comprises a protruding wedge means which are arranged to extend from a side of said back cover facing said compartment (col. 2, lines 34-68).

Regarding claim 17, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, wherein said guiding means and, said electronic contacts are dimensioned to press the unit between said

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guiding means and said electronic contacts with a force adequate for securing said electrical connection while said back cover is closed (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 18, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, wherein said guiding means comprises a protruding wedge means which are arranged to extend from a side of said back cover facing said compartment (col. 2, lines 34-68).

Regarding claim 19, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, comprises the step of sliding said loose unit towards said electronic contacts along the bottom of said compartment, and holding resiliently said unit between said guiding means and said electronic contacts while said back cover is closed (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Regarding claim 20, Ohtani as modified discloses a method for retaining and locking a detachable electronic unit in an internal compartment of an electronic device, wherein the method further comprises the step of aligning said unit transversally with said electronic contacts while closing said back cover (col. 5, line 5- col. 6, line 20).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marceau Milord whose telephone number is 571-272-7853. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian C. Chin can be reached on 571-272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MARCEAU MILORD

Marceau Milord Primary Examiner Art Unit 2682 Page 9

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